Zadania na użycie have to

ı	UZ	Ozupełnij pytania czasownikiem <i>nave to</i> w poprawnej formie i wyrazami z nawiasow.				
	(✓) – zdanie twierdzące (×) – zdanie przeczące					
	0	0 I'm very ill. I <u>have to see</u> (see) the doctor. (✓)				
	1 Relax! You (work) so hard. (*)					
	2	Jim has a music exam ne	ext week. He		(practise) the piano. (</th	
	3	Meg has got a runny nos	e, but she		_ (stay) in bed. (*)	
	4	4 I (help) my parents with the housework. (✓)				
	5	The children		_ (go) to bed early on Saturdays. (*)		
2	Uz	Uzupełnij pytania czasownikiem <i>have to</i> w poprawnej formie.				
	0	<u>Does</u> Dad <u>have to</u> work so hard?				
	1	When	_ we	be back home?		
	2	Jack		get up early in the m	orning?'	
	3	What	she	do now?		
	4	they _		_ study for the test toda	ay?	
	Zadanie na użycie <i>should</i>					
3	W	Wybierz poprawne odpowiedzi.				
	Li	Lily: Hey, Joe. You don't look very well.				
	Jo	Joe: I feel ill.				
	Li	Lily: You ^o should / shouldn't be at school.				
	Jo	Joe: But we have a test today.				
	Li	Lily: I think you 1 should / shouldn't tell the teacher.				
	Jo	Joe: I think I've got a temperature too. What ² I should I do?				
	Li	Lily: You ³ should / shouldn't call your parents.				
	Jo	Joe: Ok. ⁴ Should I / I should wait for them outside?				
	Li	Lily: No, you ⁵ should / shouldn't. Let's wait for them in the school office.				
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Joe: Good idea.